(2) We will review the additional relevant information submitted by the Tribe, together with the State-submitted data, in order to make a determination as to the amount of the TFAG. We will determine the amount of the TFAG at the earliest possible date after consideration of all relevant data.

§ 286.30 What is the process for retrocession of a Tribal Family Assistance Grant?

- (a) A Tribe that wishes to terminate its TFAG prior to the end of its three-year plan must—
- (1) Notify the Secretary and the State in writing of the reason(s) for termination no later than 120 days prior to the effective date of the termination, or
- (2) Notify the Secretary in writing of the reason(s) for termination no later than 30 days prior to the effective date of the termination, where such effective data is mutually agreed upon by the Tribe and the affected State(s).
- (b) The effective date of the termination must coincide with the last day of a calendar month.
- (c) For a Tribe that retrocedes, the provisions of 45 CFR part 92 will apply with regard to closeout of the grant. All unobligated funds will be returned by the Tribe to the Federal government.
- (d) The SFAG will be increased by the amount of the TFAG available for the subsequent quarterly installment.
- (e) A Tribe's application to implement a TANF program subsequent to its retrocession will be treated as any other application to operate a TANF program, except that we may take into account when considering approval—
- (1) Whether the circumstances that the Tribe identified for termination of its TANF program remain applicable and the extent to which—
- (i) The Tribe has control over such circumstances, and
- (ii) Such circumstances are reasonably related to program funding accountability, and
- (2) Whether any outstanding funds and penalty amounts are repaid.
- (f) A Tribe which retrocedes a Tribal TANF program is responsible for:

- (1) Complying with the data collection and reporting requirements and all other program requirements for the period before the retrocession is effective:
- (2) Any applicable penalties (see subpart D) for actions occurring prior to retrocession; the provisions of 45 CFR Part 92 and OMB Circulars A-87 and A-133:
- (3) compliance with other Federal statutes and regulations applicable to the TANF program; and
- (4) any penalties resulting from audits covering the period before the effective date of retrocession.

§ 286.35 What are proper uses of Tribal Family Assistance Grant funds?

- (a) Tribes may use TFAGs for expenditures that:
- (1) Are reasonably calculated to accomplish the purposes of TANF, including, but not limited to, the provision to low income households with assistance in meeting home heating and cooling costs; assistance in economic development and job creation activities, the provision of supportive services to assist needy families to prepare for, obtain, and retain employment; the provision of supportive services to prevent of out-of-wedlock pregnancies, and assistance in keeping families together, or
- (2) Were an authorized use of funds under the State plans for Parts A or F of title IV of the Social Security Act, as such parts were in effect on September 30, 1995.

§ 286.40 May a Tribe use the Tribal Family Assistance Grant to fund IDAs?

- (a) If the Tribe elects to operate an IDA program, it may use Federal TANF funds or WtW funds to fund IDAs for individuals who are eligible for TANF assistance and may exercise flexibility within the limits of Federal regulations and the statute.
- (b) The following restrictions apply to IDA funds:
- (1) A recipient may deposit only earned income into an IDA.
- (2) A recipient's contributions to an IDA may be matched by, or through, a qualified entity.